

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS 2014

FOR THE THREE AND NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

GENESIS

Highlights

EARNINGS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ROSE TO **\$14,537,000**

AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2014 FROM **\$733,000** AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

EPS ROSE TO **\$0.32** FROM NINE MONTHS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

FROM **\$0.02** AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

49% INCREASE IN NEW HOME ORDERS TO **201** AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

FROM **135** AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2013

STRONG CASH FLOW FROM OPERATIONS **\$39,032,000** CASH FLOW PER SHARE **\$0.87**

67% DECREASE IN DEBT TO **\$16,519,000** FROM **\$50,373,000** AT DECEMBER 31, 2013

CASH ON HAND OF **\$16,693,000** EXCEEDS DEBT OF **\$16,519,000*** AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2014

*Includes \$7,850,000 of debt relating to a limited partnership.

The following Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") of the financial condition and results of operations of Genesis Land Development Corp. ("Genesis" or the "Corporation") should be read in conjunction with the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and the notes thereto for the three ("Q3") and nine months ("YTD") ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS").

The unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements and comparative information have been prepared in accordance with IFRS. They have been reviewed by the Corporation's Audit Committee, consisting of three independent directors, and approved by the Board of Directors. Additional information, including the Corporation's Annual Information Form ("AIF") and the Corporation's MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2013, are available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

All amounts are in thousands of Canadian dollars, except per share amounts or unless otherwise noted. This MD&A is dated as of November 6, 2014.

NON-GAAP FINANCIAL MEASURES AND ADVISORIES

This MD&A includes references to certain financial measures which do not have standardized meanings prescribed by IFRS. As such, these financial measures are considered additional GAAP or non-GAAP financial measures and therefore are unlikely to be comparable with similar financial measures presented by other reporting issuers. These additional GAAP and non-GAAP financial measures include net asset value, gross margin before recovery or write-down and adjusted earnings per share. For a full description of these non-GAAP financial measures and a reconciliation of these measures to their most directly comparable GAAP measures, please refer to "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" on page 16. Please also refer to page 17 for the "Non-GAAP Financial Measures" advisory and page 18 for the "Forward Looking Statements" advisory.

GENESIS LAND DEVELOPMENT CORP.
MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS
For the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014

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OVERVIEW

Genesis Land Development Corp. (“Genesis” or the “Corporation”) is an integrated, award-winning land developer and residential home builder creating innovative and successful communities in the Calgary Metropolitan Area. Genesis is committed to supporting its communities through partnerships like the Genesis Centre of Community Wellness, and Genesis Place Recreational Centre.

We report our activities as two business segments: land development and home building. Land development involves the acquisition of land held for future development, and the planning, servicing and marketing of residential, commercial, industrial and urban communities. Home building includes the acquisition of lots, and the construction and sale of single- and multi-family homes.

The common shares of the Corporation are listed for trading on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the symbol “GDC”.

MARKET OVERVIEW

We own a large portfolio of entitled residential and mixed-use land, which is well positioned to benefit significantly from the continued robust activity in the Alberta economy. Land values in Calgary are rising for both entitled land and home building lots, reflecting the tightening of entitled land supply and the continuing strong demand for homes in the Calgary Metropolitan Area.

Alberta’s general economic conditions continue to be strong, supporting expectations of a vigorous pace of activity in Calgary’s home building industry throughout the balance of 2014 and likely well into 2015. Despite a recent drop in crude oil prices, which may temper growth estimates for the province, strong economic fundamentals include low unemployment and interest rates, low and stable inflation rates, positive net migration to Alberta and above average earnings by Albertans. There are three main oil pipelines which are pending approvals. Approval for any of these three projects is expected to give a further boost to the economy as pipeline construction will likely produce more jobs and Alberta oil producers will be able to move the oil currently affected by transportation capacity constraints.

In addition to the strong economic fundamentals, the policy framework, designed to manage growth in the City of Calgary, is contributing to constraints on the industry’s capacity to supply developed building lots to market. Such constraints generally contribute to price increases and challenges for home builders that are without a stable lot supply to support their operations. We see such challenges and increases in price not only continuing but perhaps escalating. These market dynamics provide a continued healthy environment for development and growth of our core land positions, sale of lots and expansion of our home building activities, all of which are expected to contribute to continued strong earnings, and more importantly, potentially substantive increases to our net asset value over the next several years.

CORPORATE HIGHLIGHTS

Key financial results and operating data for the Corporation are as follows:

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Key Financial Data				
Total revenues	32,984	19,734	105,736	69,746
Cost of sales ⁽¹⁾	(23,673)	(25,298)	(74,122)	(61,245)
Gross margin	9,311	(5,564)	31,614	8,501
Recovery (write-down) of real estate held for development and sale	-	(11,141)	4,361	(12,127)
Gross margin before recovery (write-down) ⁽²⁾	9,311	5,577	27,253	20,628
Gross margin before recovery (write-down) (%) ⁽²⁾	28.2%	28.3%	25.8%	29.6%
Earnings (loss) before income taxes	5,481	(10,488)	20,992	(4,335)
Net earnings (loss) ⁽³⁾ attributable to equity shareholders	4,366	(4,644)	14,537	733
Net earnings (loss) per share – basic and diluted	0.09	(0.10)	0.32	0.02
Adjusted earnings per share – basic and diluted ⁽²⁾	0.09	0.01	0.30	0.15
Cash flows from operating activities	7,976	2,538	39,032	53,379
Cash flows from operating activities per share – basic and diluted	0.18	0.06	0.87	1.19
Key Operating Data				
Residential lots sold to third parties (units)	21	17	121	88
Residential lots sold through the home building business segment (units)	30	36	129	74
Development land sold (acres)	-	-	121.91	11.28
Average revenue per lot sold to third parties	166	163	191	184
Average revenue per acre	-	-	115	591
Homes sold (units)	62	40	154	122
Average revenue per home sold	473	423	443	384
New home orders (units)	43	55	201	135
			As At	
			September 30, 2014	September 30, 2013
Homes with firm sale contracts (units)			161	97
Key Balance Sheet Data				
			As at	
			September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Cash and cash equivalents			16,693	17,678
Total assets			303,416	313,846
Loans and credit facilities			16,519	50,373
Total liabilities			74,392	95,920
Shareholders' equity			204,874	195,483
Total equity			229,024	217,926
Debt to total assets			5.4%	16.1%

⁽¹⁾ Includes recovery (write-down) of real estate held for development and sale

⁽²⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to page 16 for further information

⁽³⁾ Net of income tax expense

Highlights

The ongoing successful implementation of our strategic plan is driving strong performance in both our land development and home building business segments. We continue to experience a dramatic turnaround in our business prospects and in our financial situation, taking advantage of a strong land and housing market in the Calgary Metropolitan Area. These factors have resulted in rapidly growing home sales, strengthening profitability, strong cash flow and a balance sheet poised to support future growth and shareholder distributions.

Home building profitability accelerates:

- Continuing dramatic performance improvement in the home building business segment with revenues, gross margins, earnings and volumes up significantly in Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013.
- Improved efficiencies and higher sales volumes have produced higher gross margins with these translating into a profitable home building business segment, with earnings before income taxes and Non-controlling interest ("NCI") for the Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 of \$2,204 (2013 - \$410) and \$3,290 (2013 - \$117).
- Gross margins increased to 17.8% and 17.0% for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 respectively, compared to 15.4% and 14.5% for the same periods in 2013.

Earnings and earnings per share ("EPS") rise to new levels:

- Earnings rose to \$4,366 (2013 – loss of \$4,644) and \$14,537 (2013 - \$733) for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 respectively.
- EPS also rose to \$0.09 and \$0.32 for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 respectively, compared to loss per share of \$0.10 and EPS of \$0.02 for the same periods in 2013.
- Reflecting large revenue gains in our home building segment, total revenues grew by 67.1% and 51.6% to \$32,984 (2013 - \$19,734) and \$105,736 (2013 – \$69,746) respectively in Q3 2014 and YTD 2014.
- Gross margins increased to 28.2% and 29.9% for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 respectively, compared to -28.2% and 12.2% for the same periods in 2013.

Sharply higher increase in YTD 2014 new home orders and firm sale contracts:

- New home orders for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 were 43 and 201 compared to 55 and 135 in the same periods in 2013, even though the new home orders declined for the quarter by 21.8%, new homes orders for the year increased by 48.9%.
- Homes with firm sale contracts increased 66% to 161 at September 30, 2014 compared to 97 at September 30, 2013.
- Home sales for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 were 62 and 154 compared to 40 and 122 in the same periods in 2013.

Land development segment continues revenue growth and sharply improved profitability:

- Genesis' land development business segment produced solid revenue gains.
- Earnings before income taxes and NCI for the Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 of \$3,398 (2013 – loss of \$6,244) and \$18,166 (2013 –\$863) respectively.
- Land development segment's residential lot sales for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 were 51 and 250 compared to 53 and 162 in the same periods in 2013, despite a decrease of 3.8% for Q3 2014 there was a 54.3% increase for YTD 2014.

Continuing strong cash flows from operations:

- Cash flow from operating activities for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 was \$7,976 (\$0.18 per share) and \$39,032 (\$0.87 per share) compared to \$2,538 (\$0.06 per share) and \$53,379 (\$1.19 per share) in the same periods in 2013.

Balance sheet strength:

- Significantly reduced loans and credit facilities to \$16,519 at September 30, 2014 from \$50,373 at December 31, 2013.
- Genesis has more cash on hand at Q3 2014 (\$16,693), than it has drawn loans and credit facilities of (\$16,519) largely due to strong cash flows from operating activities and the sale of the non-core Acheson development land parcel in Q1 2014.
- Debt to total assets dropped to 5.4% at September 30, 2014 from 16.1% at December 31, 2013. We have significant unutilized debt capacity to execute our strategic plan and further grow our business.
- Reduced total interest expense by 48.1% to \$1,493 from \$2,875 for YTD 2014 compared to the same period in 2013.

Acquisition subsequent to Q3

- On October 14, 2014 the Corporation entered in to a firm purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of approximately 350 acres of land located in southeast Calgary along the Bow River for \$52.5 million payable over 5 years at 0% interest rate. The property overlooks the Bow River Valley, with views of the Rocky Mountains and is just 2 kilometres south of the \$1.3 billion recently opened Calgary South Health Campus / Regional Hospital.
- The community is expected to include nearly 2,100 homes, parkland and supporting community commercial development, with construction forecasted to begin in 2021. Once completed it will encompass a large scale residential community with multiple product categories in a rapidly growing area within the City of Calgary, and the development time-frame will support the planned growth of both our land development and homebuilding businesses.

The Highlights section of this MD&A should be read in conjunction with the rest of this MD&A which contains additional information and analysis. Further information on the Corporation's performance is also presented in the land development and home building sections of this MD&A. These sections are to be read in conjunction with note 11 (segmented information) in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013. These sections of the MD&A present the business segment revenues and expenses before inter-company eliminations.

RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

Genesis evaluates its land development and home building businesses internally on a segmented basis. The home building business segment is also evaluated against external industry benchmarks for other home builders in the Calgary Metropolitan Area. All costs are segmented, including selling costs, general and administrative costs and finance expense.

Major factors affect the results of our operations:

1. The strategic decision to reserve a significant portion of developed lots for our rapidly growing home building business segment defers the related revenues and earnings from those lots until the sale of the home and lot. When lots are sold to a third party home builder, lot sale revenue is recognized pursuant to the terms of the contract and corporate accounting policies. The impact on reported results will be less pronounced once home building volumes achieve stable levels.
2. The development and sale of land (typically a community with one, or a combination, of multi-family, industrial or commercial zoned components) occurs over a substantial period of time. The sales of such parcels do not occur on a predictable schedule as is the general pattern for residential lots. Consequently, the sale of development land and collection of proceeds can create significant volatility in the revenues, earnings and cash flows from operating activities of Genesis.
3. The seasonality of land development and home building activity in the Calgary Metropolitan Area can impact the timing of when costs are incurred and sales are generated, which creates quarterly volatility.
4. Lot prices and gross margin on single family lots varies by community, based on the nature of the development work to be undertaken before the lots are ready for sale, and are dependent on how long the Corporation has owned the land.

Land Development

Our strategy is to continue to profitably grow our land development and housing operations in unison thereby enabling more lots to be sold through our home building business segment. The strategy allows us to realize both the land development margin and the home building margin. In the short-term, and to the extent that lots sold through our home building business segment could otherwise have been sold to third party builders, land development revenue would be deferred as those lots sold through the home building business segment, and related profits, are not recognized until the home is built and delivered. As target growth in our home building business segment is achieved, the impact of the deferral will be reduced.

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	% change	2014	2013	% change
Key Financial Data						
Residential lot sales ⁽¹⁾	8,233	7,926	3.9%	40,857	26,396	54.8%
Development land sales	-	-	-	14,000	6,668	110.0%
Direct cost of sales	(4,527)	(4,960)	(8.7%)	(36,864)	(19,214)	91.9%
Gross margin before recovery (write-down) ⁽²⁾	3,706	2,966	24.9%	17,993	13,850	29.9%
Gross margin before recovery (write-down)(%) ⁽²⁾	45.0%	37.4%		32.8%	41.9%	
(Write-down) recovery of real estate held for development and sale	-	(11,141)	N/R ⁽⁵⁾	4,361	(12,127)	N/R ⁽⁵⁾
Equity income from joint venture	1,058	1,805	(41.4%)	3,677	2,825	30.2%
Other net expenses ⁽³⁾	(1,875)	(4,528)	(58.6%)	(5,970)	(9,000)	(33.7%)
Land development EBIT ⁽⁴⁾	2,889	(10,898)	N/R ⁽⁵⁾	20,061	(4,452)	N/R ⁽⁵⁾
Key Operating Data						
Residential lots sold to third parties	21	17	23.5%	121	88	37.5%
Residential lots sold through the home building business segment	30	36	(16.7%)	129	74	74.3%
Total residential lots sold	51	53	(3.8%)	250	162	54.3%
Development land sold (acres)	-	-	-	121.91	11.28	N/R ⁽⁵⁾
Average revenue per lot sold	161	150	7.3%	163	163	0%
Average revenue per acre sold	-	-	-	115	591	(80.5%)

⁽¹⁾ Includes residential lot sales and other revenue

⁽²⁾ Non-GAAP financial measure. Refer to page 16 for further information

⁽³⁾ Other net expenses includes general and administrative, selling and marketing, finance expense and finance income

⁽⁴⁾ Segmented earnings (loss) before income taxes ("EBIT")

⁽⁵⁾ Not reflective due to percentage increase

Revenues for Q3 2014 were higher than in Q3 2013 due to higher average lot prices. Gross margin percentage (before recovery or write-downs) increased in Q3 2014 compared to Q3 2013. Lot prices and gross margin on single family lots varies by community, based on the nature of the development work to be undertaken before the lots are ready for sale, and are dependent on how long the Corporation has owned the land. Other net expenses during Q3 2014 are comparable to Q3 2013 after excluding one-time proxy contest costs incurred during Q3 2013.

Revenues for YTD 2014 were also higher than those for YTD 2013 due to higher residential lot sales and the sale of a non-core development land parcel. Gross margin percentage (before recovery or write-downs) decreased at YTD 2014 compared to the YTD 2013, primarily due to the sale of non-core Acheson development land parcel as noted above. Gross margin from the sale of development lands is dependent on a variety of factors such as location, supply of land, zoning regulations, interest rates and how long the Corporation has owned the land.

Gross margin on single family lots was lower at YTD 2014 compared to YTD 2013 and varies by community, based on the nature of the development work to be undertaken before the lots are ready for sale and how long the Corporation has owned the land.

Despite the strong growth in our core land development operations, other expenses decreased by 33.7% during YTD 2014 compared to YTD 2013. The decrease was mainly due to one-time proxy contest costs incurred in Q3 2013 and YTD 2013. In YTD 2014, we incurred higher selling and marketing expenses related to the sale of the non-core Acheson development land parcel and increased community marketing activity, offset by lower net finance expenses. In addition, there was an increase in the land development segment and corporate personnel to 31 at September 30, 2014 from 27 at September 30, 2013.

Home Building

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	% change	2014	2013	% change
Key Financial Data						
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	29,320	16,915	73.3%	68,197	46,902	45.4%
Cost of sales	(24,103)	(14,304)	68.5%	(56,578)	(40,124)	41.0%
Gross margin	5,217	2,611	99.8%	11,619	6,778	71.4%
Gross margin (%)	17.8%	15.4%		17.0%	14.5%	
Other net expenses ⁽²⁾	(3,013)	(2,201)	36.9%	(8,329)	(6,661)	25.0%
Home building EBIT ⁽³⁾	2,204	410	N/R ⁽⁴⁾	3,290	117	N/R ⁽⁴⁾
Key Operating Data						
Homes sold	62	40	55.0%	154	122	26.2%
Average revenue per home sold	473	423	11.8%	443	384	15.4%

⁽¹⁾ Revenues include residential home sales and other revenue

⁽²⁾ Other net expenses includes general and administrative, selling and marketing and net finance expense

⁽³⁾ Segmented earnings before income taxes

⁽⁴⁾ Not reflective due to percentage increase

Single-family homes typically command higher sale prices than multi-family homes or attached duplexes with the result being higher revenues as well as higher average revenues per home during Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013.

The increase in revenues for the Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 was due to a combination of the sales mix and the larger number of homes sold compared to the same periods in 2013. Of the 62 homes sold during Q3 2014, 61 were single-family homes and 1 was a multi-family home compared to 39 single-family and 1 multi-family home in Q3 2013 and included 21 attached duplexes. Of the 154 homes sold during YTD 2014, 153 were single-family homes and 1 was a multi-family home compared to 84 single-family homes and 38 multi-family homes in the same periods in 2013.

Gross margin percentage for the Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 was higher compared to the same periods in 2013 due to a combination of significantly higher volumes, greater operating efficiencies being realized from the implementation of our strategic plan and the overall strength of the home building market in the Calgary Metropolitan Area. The strong housing market in the Calgary Metropolitan Area facilitated increases in the selling price of quick possession homes adding to the improved gross margin percentage.

During Q3 2014 and YTD 2014, other expenses increased by 36.9% and 25% due to higher general and administrative expenses and selling and marketing expenses, but were at a much slower pace of increase than home building revenues. These expenses were necessary to achieve aggressive revenue and profitability targets. The number of employees at September 30,

2014 increased to 46 at September 30, 2014 from 33 at September 30, 2013 in order to achieve increased home building volume targets. We expect that as volumes continue to grow our operating efficiency and margins will continue to improve. The increase in other expenses was partially offset by lower net finance expenses due to reduced debt levels and lower interest rates.

Finance Expense

	Three months ended September 30,			Nine months ended September 30,		
	2014	2013	% change	2014	2013	% change
Interest incurred	397	853	(53.5%)	1,493	2,875	(48.1%)
Financing fees amortised	226	416	(45.7%)	790	1,140	(30.7%)
Interest and financing fees capitalized	(365)	(1,088)	(66.5%)	(1,442)	(2,721)	(47.0%)
	258	181	42.5%	841	1,294	(35.0%)

Interest incurred relates to operating loans secured by land and home building operations. The lower interest incurred during Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 compared to the same periods in 2013 was mainly due to significantly lower average outstanding loans and credit facilities. The weighted average interest rate of loan agreements was 6.16% (December 31, 2013 – 5.83%), based on September 30, 2014 balances. The weighted average interest rate of loan agreements, excluding \$7,850 relating to a limited partnership, was 5.05% (December 31, 2013 – 5.58%), based on September 30, 2014 balances.

SEGMENTED BALANCE SHEETS

	September 30, 2014						December 31, 2013
	Land Development			Home Building ⁽¹⁾	Eliminations	Consolidated	Consolidated
	Genesis	LPs	Intra-segment eliminations				
Assets							
Real estate held for development and sale	154,614	55,956	-	38,310	(5,503)	243,377	257,420
Amounts receivable	21,672	-	-	330	-	22,002	23,342
Cash and cash equivalents	9,221	474	-	6,998	-	16,693	17,678
Other assets	64,953	2	(23,555)	5,125	(25,181)	21,344	15,406
Total assets	250,460	56,432	(23,555)	50,763	(30,684)	303,416	313,846
Liabilities							
Loans and credit facilities	8,322	7,794	-	403	-	16,519	50,373
Provision for future development costs	18,541	-	-	2,129	-	20,670	20,448
Other liabilities ⁽²⁾	21,594	23,580	(23,555)	40,765	(25,181)	37,203	25,099
Total liabilities	48,457	31,374	(23,555)	43,297	(25,181)	74,392	95,920
Net assets	202,003	25,058	-	7,466	(5,503)	229,024	217,926

⁽¹⁾Other liabilities under the home building business segment includes \$22,328 (December 31, 2013 - \$19,187) due to the land development segment related to lot purchases.

⁽²⁾Other liabilities under the LPs segment comprises customer deposits and accounts payable and accrued liabilities and includes \$23,555 (December 31, 2013 - \$21,998) due to Genesis. Refer to note 14 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013.

LIQUIDITY AND CAPITAL RESOURCES

Real Estate Held for Development and Sale

	<u>September 30,</u>	<u>December 31,</u>	% change
	2014	2013	
Real estate held for development and sale	295,083	317,602	(7.1%)
Provision for write-downs	(51,706)	(60,182)	(14.1%)
	243,377	257,420	(5.5%)

Real estate held for development and sale decreased by \$14,043 at September 30, 2014 compared to the December 31, 2013. This was primarily due to the sale of the non-core Acheson development land parcel, recoveries of shared costs and the sale of residential lots, as compared with the prior period sale of sites 1 and 2 in the Sage Hill Crossing commercial development. This decrease was partially offset by land development activities and recovery of write-downs previously made.

The following table presents our real estate held for development and sale at September 30, 2014:

Land Development Segment	Land under development			Land held for future development		Total		
	Net carrying value	Acres	Lots	Net carrying value	Acres	Net carrying value	Acres	Lots
Residential								
Airdrie ⁽¹⁾	31,338	184	170	7,346	119	38,684	303	170
Calgary NW ⁽²⁾	14,291	24	34	6,090	20	20,381	44	34
Calgary NE ⁽³⁾	15,207	29	65	7,359	46	22,566	75	65
	60,836	237	269	20,795	185	81,631	422	269
Mixed Use⁽⁴⁾	52,358	71	-	18,145	1,788	70,503	1,859	-
Other assets^{(5), (9)}	1,673	114	14	5,002	1,990	6,675	2,104	14
Total Land development segment⁽⁶⁾	114,867	422	283	43,942	3,963	158,809	4,385	283
Home Building Business Segment^{(6),(8)}						33,993	-	154
Total land and home building segments						192,802	4,385	437
Limited Partnerships ⁽⁷⁾						50,575	2,387	-
Real estate held for development and sale						243,377	6,772	437

⁽¹⁾ Airdrie comprises the communities of Bayside, Bayview and Canals

⁽²⁾ Calgary NW comprises the communities of Sage Meadows and Sherwood

⁽³⁾ Calgary NE comprises the community of Saddlestone

⁽⁴⁾ Mixed use comprises Delacour, North Conrich and Sage Hill Crossing

⁽⁵⁾ Other assets comprises Brooks, Dawson Creek, Kamloops, Mitford Crossing, Mountain View Village, Prince George and Spur Valley

⁽⁶⁾ Lots include 220 lots that have been reserved/contracted for sale to the home building business segment from the land segment

⁽⁷⁾ Comprises land held for future development and land under development. Refer to note 4 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014

⁽⁸⁾ Housing projects under development. Refer to note 4 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014

⁽⁹⁾ Other assets includes non-core assets which represent 3.7% (December 31, 2013 – 10.8%) of Genesis' Land portfolio with a carrying value of \$5,843 (December 31, 2013 - \$19,382)

The following table presents the home building business segment's lot supply at the nine months ended September 30, 2014:

Project	Lots at Jan 1, 2014	Lot purchases in 2014	Homes sold during 2014	Lots at September 30, 2014 ⁽¹⁾	Lots with firm sale contracts	Unsold lots at September 30, 2014	Breakdown of unsold lots			Price range of homes sold
							Vacant lots	Spec. homes for quick possession	Show-homes	
Airdrie										
Bayside	13	149	(7)	155	(2)	153	116	37	-	\$277-\$479
Canals	50	-	(42)	8	(6)	2	-	-	2	\$298-\$646
	63	149	(49)	163	(8)	155	116	37	2	\$277-\$646
Calgary NW										
Evansridge ⁽²⁾	42	-	(24)	18	(18)	-	-	-	-	\$385-\$562
Kinwood ⁽³⁾	82	32	(35)	79	(42)	37	11	25	1	\$433-\$667
Sage Meadows	35	-	(5)	30	(29)	1	-	1	-	\$383-\$737
Sherwood	5	-	(1)	4	(4)	-	-	-	-	\$789
	164	32	(65)	131	(93)	38	11	26	1	\$383-\$789
Calgary NE										
Saddlestone	119	1	(40)	80	(60)	20	13	7	-	\$321-\$600
Total	346	182	(154)	374	(161)	213	140	70	3	\$277-\$789

⁽¹⁾ Closing supply of lots at September 30, 2014 includes 374 lots, of which 220 have been reserved/contracted for sale to the home building business segment from the land development segment and 154 lots have been purchased from the land development segment and from the joint venture at market prices

⁽²⁾ Lots purchased from third parties

⁽³⁾ Lots purchased from joint venture

Amounts Receivable

	September 30, December 31,		% change
	2014	2013	
Amounts receivable	22,002	23,342	(5.7%)

Amounts receivable decreased by \$1,340 in the first nine months of 2014 compared to the year ended December 31, 2013 mainly as a result of collections of receivables from third parties and change in mix of sales as a result of strategy to grow home building segment resulting in lower sales to third party builders. Genesis generally retains title to lots and homes until full payment is received in order to mitigate credit exposure.

Cash Flows from Operating Activities

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Cash flows from operating activities	7,976	2,538	39,032	53,379
Cash flows from operating activities per share	0.18	0.06	0.87	1.19

Cash flows from operating activities were higher in Q3 2014 compared to Q3 2013 due to increase in the number of sales of residential homes. This increase was partially offset by lower cash receipts from the sale of residential lots.

Cash flows from operating activities were lower in YTD 2014 compared to YTD 2013. Receipts for YTD 2014 included \$13,784 from the sale of the non-core Acheson development land parcel while YTD 2013 included the receipt of \$27,713 from the sale of sites 1 and 2 in the Sage Hill Crossing commercial development. Receipts from the sale of residential lots were lower in YTD 2014 compared to YTD 2013 partially offset by higher receipts from the sale of residential homes.

LIABILITIES AND SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY

	September 30,		December 31,	
	2014	% of Total	2013	% of Total
Loans and credit facilities	16,519	5%	50,373	16%
Customer deposits	6,037	2%	5,228	2%
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,830	9%	16,759	5%
Provision for future development costs	20,670	7%	20,448	7%
Income taxes payable	5,336	2%	3,112	1%
Total liabilities	74,392	25%	95,920	31%
Non-controlling interest	24,150	8%	22,443	7%
Shareholders' equity	204,874	67%	195,483	62%
	303,416	100%	313,846	100%

Loans and Credit Facilities

Loans and credit facilities are used primarily to finance the costs of developing land and building houses and in certain circumstances for land purchases.

Genesis has sufficient liquidity from its operating activities, supplemented by credit facilities, to meet the above liabilities as they become due. We regularly review credit facilities and manage requirements in accordance with project development plans and operating requirements.

The following is a summary of drawn and outstanding loan and credit facility balances as at September 30, 2014 and as at the end of the previous four quarters:

	Q3 2014	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013
Land development loans	16,788	16,168	23,473	40,609	42,658
Home building loans	457	4,525	10,569	11,021	7,668
	17,245	20,693	34,042	51,630	50,326
Unamortized deferred financing fees	(726)	(820)	(1,074)	(1,257)	(1,420)
Balance, end of period	16,519	19,873	32,968	50,373	48,906

The change in the Corporation's loans and credit facilities were as follows:

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2014	For the year ended December 31, 2013
Balance, beginning of period ⁽¹⁾	50,373	97,224
Advances	15,844	46,511
Repayments	(50,762)	(94,214)
Interest and financing fees incurred	2,199	3,835
Interest and financing fees paid	(1,135)	(2,983)
Balance, end of period ⁽¹⁾	16,519	50,373

⁽¹⁾ Loans and credit facilities includes \$7,850 related to a limited partnership which is guaranteed by Genesis.

Total liabilities to equity ratio was as follows:

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Total liabilities	74,392	95,920
Total equity	229,024	217,926
Total liabilities to equity ratio ⁽¹⁾	0.32	0.44

⁽¹⁾Calculated as total liabilities divided by total equity

The Corporation's debt decreased substantially in the first nine months of 2014 as funds received from the sale of the non-core Acheson development land, from lot payouts, and from residential home sales were used to pay down related project debt. These activities reduced loans and credit facilities outstanding to \$16,519 and the total liabilities to equity ratio to 0.32 at September 30, 2014 compared to \$50,373 and 0.44 at December 31, 2013, improving our financial strength.

The Corporation has various covenants in place with its lenders with respect to certain contracted credit facilities. Such covenants include: other credit usage restrictions; cancellation, prepayment, confidentiality and cross default clauses; sales coverage requirements; conditions precedent for funding; and other general understandings such as, but not limited to, maintaining contracted lot prices, restrictions on encumbrances, liens and charges, material changes to project plans, and material changes in the Corporation's ownership structure. In addition, the home building business segment has a secured revolving operating line repayable on demand, to be used for home construction and for the acquisition of serviced lots. This line has a financial covenant requiring that Genesis Builders Group Inc., ("GBG") maintain a net worth of at least \$11.5 million at all times. Net worth, a non-GAAP financial measure, is defined as "Retained Earnings plus Shareholders Loans plus Due to Related Parties (excluding lot payables to related parties) minus Due from Related Parties".

Provision for Future Land Development Costs

Genesis sells lots for which it is responsible to pay for costs-to-complete. The cost of these remaining services is recognized as a liability when the related revenue is recognized. Provision for future land development costs increased by \$222 as at September 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013 mainly due to the sale of lots in the communities of Canals, Bayside and Saddlestone net of recoveries from Sage Hill Crossing active phases.

Income Tax Payable

The changes in income tax payable are explained by the following:

	For the nine months ended September 30, 2014	For the year ended December 31, 2013
Balance, beginning of period	3,112	4,617
Provision	4,959	2,420
Net payments	(2,735)	(3,925)
Balance, end of period	5,336	3,112

Non-Controlling Interest

Non-controlling interest increased at September 30, 2014 compared to December 31, 2013 mainly due to recovery of write-downs on real estate held for development and sale (\$3,331), offset, in part, by expenses incurred by the limited partnerships and paid by Genesis.

Refer to note 14 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for additional information on the limited partnerships.

Shareholders' Equity

As at November 6, 2014, the Corporation had 44,881,200 common shares issued and outstanding. In addition, options to acquire 2,748,250 common shares of Genesis were issued and outstanding under our stock option plan. 500,000 of these options were issued subsequent to the September 30, 2014.

Return on equity was 9.9% at September 30, 2014 (December 31, 2013 – 3.0%) calculated on a rolling 12 month basis. Return on equity is calculated by dividing net income by average shareholders' equity. Return on equity increased at September 30, 2014 as the net income calculated on a rolling 12 month basis was significantly higher than that at December 31, 2013. Average shareholders' equity as at September 30, 2014 was higher than that at December 31, 2013 even after payment of a special cash dividend of \$5,386 (\$0.12 per share). Changes in the Corporations' net asset value are not reflected in the calculation of return of equity mentioned above.

Net asset value

Net Asset Value ("NAV") per share was estimated as at June 30, 2014 to be \$8.58 (December 31, 2013 - \$7.18). Our NAV is supported by Calgary's strong economy, and a housing market and policy framework designed to manage growth in the City of Calgary. This has contributed to constraints on the industry's capacity to bring a sufficient supply of developed building lots to market, leading to price increases in both serviced lots and home prices. In our view, the increase in our NAV during the year reflects the initial impact of this trend. We expect the influence of the current policy framework to continue for the next several years and, in combination with strong demand, cause even further increases in lot and home prices. Management continues with its active investor relations plan intended to close the gap between NAV and share price.

NAV, including net asset value per share is a non-GAAP financial measure and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. Refer to the "Non-GAAP measures" section of this MD&A.

Contractual Obligations and Debt Repayment

Our contractual obligations as at September 30, 2014 were as follows, excluding accounts payable and accrued liabilities, income taxes payable, customer deposits and provision for future land development costs:

	Loans and Credit Facilities ⁽¹⁾	Naming Rights	Lease Obligations	Total
Current	6,364	700	929	7,993
October 2015 to September 2016	10,881	700	948	12,529
October 2016 to September 2017	-	700	792	1,492
October 2017 and thereafter	-	2,000	85	2,085
	17,245	4,100	2,754	24,099

⁽¹⁾ Excludes deferred financing fees

Management believes that Genesis has sufficient liquidity from its operating activities, supplemented by credit facilities, to meet all obligations.

Investment in naming rights demonstrates our commitment to the communities we are involved in, and helps in the positive recognition of our brand - not only in these communities, but also throughout the cities of Calgary and Airdrie.

Genesis has entered into a memorandum of understanding with the Northeast Community Society, whereby we will contribute \$5,000 for the naming rights to the "Genesis Centre for Community Wellness", a recreation complex in northeast Calgary (\$500 each year, terminating October 31, 2021). The first three installments totaling \$1,500 were made through 2014.

Genesis entered into an agreement with the City of Airdrie, whereby we will contribute \$2,000 for the naming rights to "Genesis Place", a recreation complex in the City of Airdrie (\$200 each year, terminating June 1, 2017). The first seven installments totaling \$1,400 were made through 2014.

Genesis entered into an agreement with Morguard Real Estate Investment Trust ("Morguard") to lease the Genesis' office building. The basic rent per annum was \$349 in the first year and increasing progressively to \$426 in the fifth year. The lease with Morguard commenced on August 1, 2012 and terminates on July 31, 2017. The lease includes an option in favor of Genesis to extend the term for an additional 5 year period at market rent. Genesis has other minor operating leases as well.

As a normal part of business, we have entered into arrangements and incurred obligations that will impact future operations and liquidity, some of which are reflected as short-term liabilities and commitments at note 8 in the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements.

Participating Mortgage

Pursuant to the terms of a participating mortgage, the principal of which was repaid during 2002, the former mortgage holders have the right to a 20% participation in the profits from the development of approximately 39 acres of land under development. A liability for the estimated payment has been recorded. Genesis is selling lots in the last phase covered under this development. The payout will be made subsequent to completion of the sale of lots in the last phase and collection of all related proceeds, return of all letters of credit, completion of all warranty related obligations, recording and payment of all cost along with a final accounting of all related costs.

Current Contractual Obligations

	September 30, 2014	December 31, 2013
Loans and credit facilities, excluding deferred financing fees	6,364	36,159
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	25,830	16,759
Total short-term liabilities	32,194	52,918
Commitments ⁽¹⁾	1,629	1,570
	33,823	54,488

⁽¹⁾ Commitments comprise naming rights and lease obligations

As at September 30, 2014, we had obligations due within the next 12 months of \$33,823, of which \$6,364 relates to loans and credit facilities. Repayment is either (i) linked directly to the collection of lot receivables and sales proceeds; or (ii) due at maturity. Based on our operating history, our relationship with lenders and committed sales contracts, management is confident that Genesis has the ability to continue to renew or repay its financial obligations as they come due.

SUMMARY OF QUARTERLY RESULTS

	Q3 2014	Q2 2014	Q1 2014	Q4 2013	Q3 2013	Q2 2013	Q1 2013	Q4 2012 ⁽¹⁾
Revenues ⁽¹⁾	32,984	34,765	37,987	26,331	19,734	22,402	27,610	57,377
Net earnings ⁽²⁾	4,366	7,231	2,940	4,980	(4,644)	1,697	3,680	(7,126)
EPS ⁽³⁾	0.09	0.16	0.07	0.11	(0.10)	0.04	0.08	(0.16)

⁽¹⁾ The figures for 2012 have been restated to incorporate the impact of adopting IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements

⁽²⁾ Net earnings (loss) attributable to equity shareholders

⁽³⁾ Net earnings (loss) per share - basic and diluted

Seasonality affects the land development and home building industry in Canada particularly as a result of weather conditions during winter operations. As a result, we will typically realize higher home building revenues in the summer and fall months when home building closings peak. Revenues can be impacted by the timing of lot sales, which is less weather dependent. The sale of development land is periodic and not predictable.

In Q3 2014, we sold 21 residential lots and 62 homes compared to 39 residential lots and 65 homes in Q2 14. In Q3 2014, lower revenues and gross margins from residential lot sales were partially offset by higher revenues and gross margins from residential home sales. In addition, Q3 2014 had lower income from joint venture and no recovery of real estate held for development and sale. These were the main factors that resulted in lower net earnings and EPS in Q3 2014 compared to Q2 14.

JOINT VENTURE

Genesis formed a joint venture ("JV") on April 30, 2010, for the purpose of acquiring, developing and selling certain real estate. The development and sale of the real estate pertaining to the JV is expected to be completed by 2016.

Refer to note 10 of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for the summarized financial information of the JV and reconciliation of the summarized financial information to the carrying amount of the Corporation's interest in the JV, which is accounted for using the equity method.

OFF BALANCE SHEET ARRANGEMENTS

Letters of Credit

We have an ongoing requirement to provide irrevocable letters of credit to municipalities as part of the subdivision plan registration process. As at September 30, 2014, these letters of credit totalled approximately \$2,828 (December 31, 2013 - \$6,279), and provide a source of funds to the municipalities for completion of construction and maintenance improvements to the subdivision should the Corporation be unable to fulfill these obligations. The amount of any particular letter of credit is reduced at various stages of construction. Once the municipality issues a certificate acknowledging completion of the improvements to the project, the letter of credit is returned and cancelled.

Lease Agreements

We have certain lease agreements that are entered into in the normal course of operations. All leases are treated as operating leases whereby lease payments are included in operating expenses or general and administrative expenses, depending on the nature of the lease. No asset value or liability has been assigned to these leases in the balance sheet as of September 30, 2014 and at December 31, 2013.

RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

There were no related party transactions for Q3 2014 and YTD 2014 (2013 - \$448 and \$1,244).

Genesis is the general partner in four limited partnership arrangements (refer to note 14 of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013) and a 50% partner in the JV, as described above (refer to note 10 of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013).

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On October 14, 2014 the Corporation announced that it had entered in to a firm purchase and sale agreement for the acquisition of approximately 350 acres of land located in southeast Calgary along the Bow River for \$52,500. The Corporation will pay for the acquisition from its general cash resources, with a total of \$12,500 due on closing (scheduled for January 6, 2015), and the remainder to be paid at \$8,000 per year without interest on the anniversary of the closing date over five years.

CHANGES TO FUTURE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

There were various accounting standards issued as at September 30, 2014 that were not yet effective as of that date. We continue to analyze these standards to determine the impact on our financial statements. Refer to note 3 of the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the three and nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2013 for a description of changes in accounting policy effective in future periods.

CRITICAL ACCOUNTING ESTIMATES

The preparation of consolidated financial statements requires management to make judgments and estimates that affect the reported amounts of revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent liabilities at the reporting date for the land development and the home building business segments. On an ongoing basis, management evaluates its judgments and estimates in relation to revenues, expenses, assets and liabilities. Management uses historical experience and various other factors it believes to be reasonable under the given circumstances as the basis for its judgments and estimates. Actual outcomes may differ from these estimates under different assumptions and conditions.

General Litigation

We are subject to various legal proceedings and claims that arise in the ordinary course of business operations. We periodically review these claims to determine if amounts should be accrued in the financial statements or if specific disclosure is warranted.

Impairment of real estate held for future development and sale

We estimate the net realizable value ("NRV") of real estate held for future development and sale at least annually for impairment or whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may exceed NRV. The estimate is based on valuation conducted by independent real estate appraisers and in light of recent market transactions of similar and adjacent lands and housing projects in the same geographic area, among other factors.

Provision for future land development costs

Changes in the estimated future development costs directly impact the amount recorded for the future development liability, cost of sales, gross margin and, in some cases, the value of real estate under development and held for sale. This liability is subject to uncertainty as it is based on estimates prepared by independent consultants and management.

Income taxes

The Corporation applies judgment in determining the total provision for current and deferred taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination and timing of payment is uncertain due to the interpretation of complex tax regulations, changes in tax laws, and the amount and timing of future taxable income.

DISCLOSURE CONTROLS AND PROCEDURES AND INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING

The Chief Executive Officer ("CEO") and Chief Financial Officer ("CFO") are responsible for establishing and maintaining disclosure controls and procedures ("DC&P") and internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR"), as those terms are defined in National Instrument 52-109 *Certification of Disclosure in Issuers' Annual and Interim Filings*. The CEO and CFO have designed, or caused to be designed under their direct supervision, Genesis' DC&P to provide reasonable assurance that:

- (i) material information relating to the Corporation, including its consolidated subsidiaries, is made known to them by others within those entities, particularly during the period in which the interim filings are being prepared; and
- (ii) information required to be disclosed in the annual filings, interim filings or other reports filed or submitted under securities legislation is recorded, processed, summarized and reported on a timely basis.

The CEO and CFO have also designed, or caused to be designed under their direct supervision, Genesis' ICFR to provide reasonable assurance regarding the reliability of financial reporting and the preparation of financial statements for external purposes in accordance with IFRS.

There were no changes in the Corporation's ICFR during the three months ended September 30, 2014 that have materially affected, or are reasonably likely to materially affect the Corporation's ICFR.

RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

In the normal course of business, we are exposed to certain risks and uncertainties inherent in the real estate development and home building industries. Real estate development and home building are cyclical businesses; as a result, our profitability could be adversely affected by external factors beyond the control of management. Risks and uncertainties faced by Genesis are industry risk, competition, supply and demand, geographic risk, development and construction costs, credit and liquidity risks, finance risk, interest risk, management risk, mortgage rates and financing risk, general uninsured losses, environmental risk and government regulations. These risks are disclosed in the Corporation's AIF for the year ended December 31, 2013. There may be additional risks that management may need to consider as circumstances require. For a more detailed discussion on the Corporation's risk factors, refer to the AIF available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com

NON-GAAP MEASURES

Non-GAAP measures do not have any standardized meaning according to IFRS, and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers. Refer to Advisories on page 17 of this MD&A.

NAV, and NAV per share are non-GAAP financial measures and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other companies. NAV is calculated on a before tax basis, using independent appraisers total land value plus additional balance sheet assets less balance sheet liabilities. It is important to note that the value of housing projects under development used in the calculation of NAV is the book value of the work in progress and no additional value is included for the profitable home building business. The book value of all remaining assets and liabilities as set forth in the consolidated financial statements of the Corporation has been added to calculate NAV.

There is no comparable IFRS financial measure presented in the Corporation's consolidated financial statements and thus no applicable quantitative reconciliation for such non-GAAP financial performance measure has been provided. Management believes this measure provides information useful to its shareholders in understanding the Corporation's value, and may assist in the evaluation of the Corporation's business relative to that of its peers.

Gross margin before recovery or write-down is a non-GAAP measure, and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers. Gross margin before recovery or write-down is calculated by adjusting for recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale to the gross margin. Gross margin before recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale is used to assess the performance of the business without the effects of recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale. Management believes it is useful to exclude recovery or write-down from the analysis as it could affect the comparability of financial results and could potentially distort the analysis of trends in business performance. Excluding this item does not imply it is non-recurring. The most comparable GAAP financial measure is gross margin.

The table below shows the calculation of gross margin before recovery or write-down, which is derived from gross margin.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Total revenues	32,984	19,734	105,736	69,746
Gross margin	9,311	(5,564)	31,614	8,501
Adjust for (recovery) write-down ⁽¹⁾	-	11,141	(4,361)	12,127
Gross margin before (recovery) write-down	9,311	5,577	27,253	20,628
Gross margin before (recovery) write-down (%)	28.2%	28.3%	25.8%	29.6%

⁽¹⁾ Recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale

Adjusted earnings per share is a non-GAAP measure, and therefore may not be comparable to similar measures presented by other reporting issuers. Adjusted earnings per share is calculated as net earnings attributable to shareholders before recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale attributable to shareholders and net of income taxes relating to the recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale, divided by the weighted average number of common shares (basic or diluted) outstanding at a specific date. Adjusted earnings per share is used to assess the performance of the business without the effects of recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale. Management believes it is useful to exclude recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale from the analysis as it could affect the comparability of financial results and could potentially distort the analysis of trends in business performance. Excluding this item does not imply that it is non-recurring. The most comparable GAAP financial measure is earnings per share.

The following table shows the calculation of adjusted earnings per share which is derived from net earnings attributable to equity shareholders.

	Three months ended September 30,		Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2013	2014	2013
Net earnings attributable to equity shareholders	4,366	(4,644)	14,537	733
Adjust for (recovery) impairment ⁽¹⁾ , ⁽²⁾	-	6,885	(1,030)	7,871
Tax effect of adjustments @ 25%	-	(1,721)	258	(1,968)
Adjusted earnings	4,366	520	13,765	6,636
Weighted average number of shares - basic	44,881,200	44,861,200	44,868,966	44,830,718
Weighted average number of shares – diluted	45,484,803	44,949,924	45,260,907	44,899,331
Adjusted earnings per share – basic and diluted ⁽³⁾	0.09	0.01	0.30	0.15

⁽¹⁾ Recovery or write-down of real estate held for development and sale

⁽²⁾ Excludes recovery or write-down related to properties held by limited partnerships

⁽³⁾ Adjusted earnings per share – basic and diluted after adjusting for after-tax recovery or write-down

OTHER

Additional information relating to the Corporation can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.

ADVISORIES

Non-GAAP Financial Measures

NAV, gross margin before recovery or write-down and adjusted earnings per share are non-GAAP measures that do not have any standardized meaning as prescribed by IFRS and therefore they may not be comparable to similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Refer to pages 16-17 for an explanation on calculation of the NAV, gross margin before recoveries or impairment and adjusted earnings per share. NAV has no comparable IFRS measure presented in the Corporation's financial statements and therefore no applicable quantitative reconciliation for such non-GAAP measure exists. These non-GAAP measures have been described and presented in this document in order to provide shareholders and potential investors with additional information regarding the Corporation's performance, liquidity and value. Management is of the view that after-tax NAV is not commonly reported in the industry and therefore the presentation of after-tax NAV in this MD&A has been discontinued. After-tax NAV was calculated by deducting estimated taxes payable if all properties had been sold at their market values.

Forward-Looking Statements

This MD&A contains certain statements which constitute forward-looking statements or information ("forward-looking statements") within the meaning of applicable securities legislation, including Canadian Securities Administrators' National Instrument 51-102 'Continuous Disclosure Obligations', concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of Genesis.

Forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to, statements with respect to the nature of development lands held and the anticipated inventory and development potential of such lands, ability to bring new developments to market, anticipated positive general economic and business conditions in 2014 and beyond, including low unemployment and interest rates, low stable inflation rates, positive net migration, petroleum commodity prices and above average earnings in Alberta and the anticipated impact on Genesis' development and home building activities, Genesis' business strategy, including the anticipated boost of any proposed pipeline construction to the Alberta economy, the geographic focus of its activities in 2014 and beyond, the expected capital contribution of future earnings and cash flow from land holdings in the Calgary Metropolitan Area, the ability to meet the objective to increase the closing of home builds in 2014 as compared to 2013, including the ability to significantly increase home builds per year without substantial addition to costs to our production team or infrastructure so as to increase the effect on net margin, net asset value and profitability, the timing and operation of new accounting and operating software and the ability of management to close the gap between net asset value and share price. Generally, these forward-looking statements can be identified by the use of forward-looking terminology such as "plans", "expects" or "does not expect", "is expected", "budget", "scheduled", "estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates" or "does not anticipate", or "believes", or variations of such words and phrases or state that certain actions, events or results "may", "could", "would", "might" or "will be taken", "occur" or "be achieved". Although Genesis believes that the anticipated future results, performance or achievements expressed or implied by the forward-looking statements are based upon reasonable assumptions and expectations, the reader should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements because they involve assumptions, known and unknown risks, uncertainties and other factors many of which are beyond the Corporation's control, which may cause the actual results, performance or achievements of Genesis to differ materially from anticipated future results, performance or achievement expressed or implied by such forward-looking statements. Accordingly, Genesis cannot give any assurance that its expectations will in fact occur and cautions that actual results may differ materially from those in the forward-looking statements.

Factors that could cause actual results to differ materially from those set forth in the forward-looking statements include, but are not limited to: the impact or unanticipated impact of general economic conditions in Canada, the United States and globally; the impact of contractual arrangements and incurred obligations on future operations and liquidity; local real estate conditions, including the development of properties in close proximity to Genesis' properties; timely leasing of newly-developed properties and re-leasing of occupied square footage upon expiration; dependence on tenants' financial condition; the uncertainties of real estate development and acquisition activity; the ability to effectively integrate acquisitions; fluctuations in interest rates; ability to raise capital on favourable terms; the impact of newly-adopted accounting principles on Genesis' accounting policies and on period-to-period comparisons of financial results; not realizing on the anticipated benefits from transactions or not realizing on such anticipated benefits within the expected time frame; and other risks and factors described from time to time in the documents filed by Genesis with the securities regulators in Canada available at www.sedar.com, including this MD&A under the heading "Risks and Uncertainties" and the Annual Information Form under the heading "Risk Factors". Furthermore, the forward-looking statements contained in this MD&A are made as of the date of this MD&A and, except as required by applicable law, Genesis does not undertake any obligation to publicly update or to revise any of the forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise.

Caution should be exercised in the evaluation and use of the appraisal results. The appraisal is an estimate of market value at specific dates and not a precise measure of value, being based on subjective comparison of related activity taking place in the real estate market. The appraisal is based on various assumptions of future expectations and while the appraiser's assumptions are considered to be reasonable at the current time, some of the assumptions may not materialize or may differ materially from actual experience in the future.